

Who is Addressing This Problem?

- National Irrigation Water Quality Program (NIWQP BOR, USFWS, USGS, BIA) (1988-2004)
- Gunnison River Basin Selenium Task Force (formed 1998)
- Grand Valley Selenium Task Force (formed 2001)

National Irrigation Water Quality Program

- Originated in response to Kesterson
- Team composed of U.S. Geological Survey, U.S. Fish & Wildlife service, & Bureau of Reclamation
- Objective is to mitigate impacts to endangered fish & migratory waterfowl caused by Federal projects
- Identifies selenium sources & impacted areas
- Plans and implements remediation projects in cooperation with stakeholders

NIWQP Findings

- Reviewed data from 600 sites in western U.S.
- Identified 5 sites of significant concern, including Salton Sea.
- Gunnison/Grand Valley selenium concentrations are at levels that have been shown to impact endangered fish.

Selenium Removal During a Flood Experiment at Stewart Lake, Utah: Best management

practice for a contaminated wetland?



SUMMARY

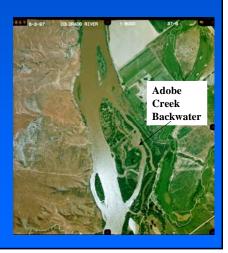
- Se transported conservatively during flooding
- ◆Water and soil sampling confirms Se transport to deep gw
- Se removed from deep gw after flooding stopped
- Median Se flux rate to deep gw estimated 0.65 mg/hr/m²
- Seven flooding cycles may meet soil remediation goal



D. Nafrz, R. Rowland: U.S. Geological Survey
J. Yahnke, J. Miller, S. Noyes: U.S. Bureau of Reclamation

NIWQP Focus in the Grand Valley and Lower Gunnison

- Grand Valley: reduce selenium at 23 endangered fish habitat areas.
- Lower Gunnison: reduce loading from Federal irrigation project.
- Remediation and planning activities were suspended in 2003.



Salinity Control and Reduction of Selenium Loads in the Grand Valley

- Since 1978, \$200,000,000 spent in the Grand Valley by Salinity-Control Program
- Assume some selenium reduction, how much?
- Estimated 70,000 lbs of selenium transported out of Lake Powell
 - Gunnison reductions to meet instream standard represents about 8 percent of this load.

